

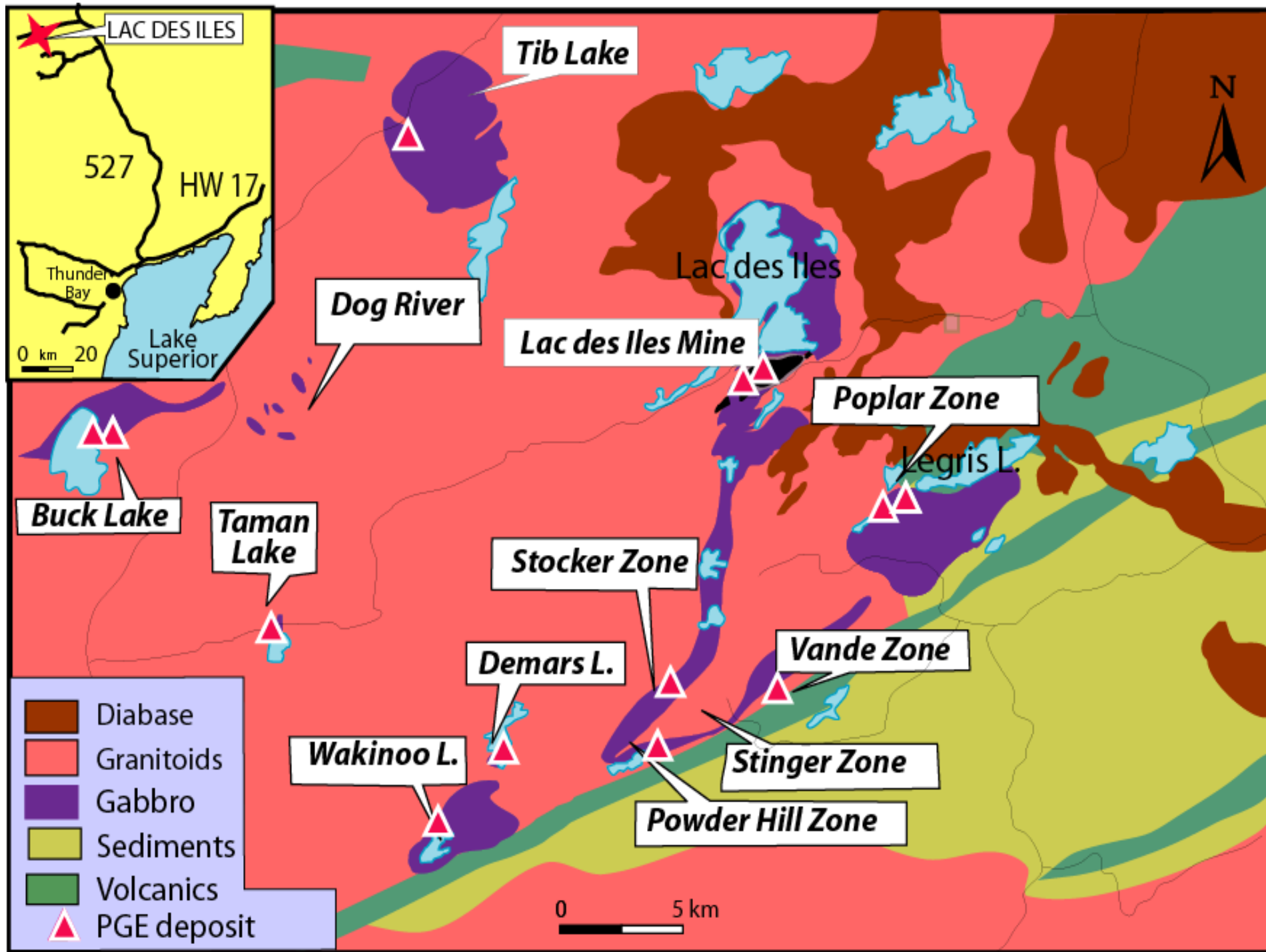


GEOCHEMICAL EXPLORATION FOR PALLADIUM IN ONTARIO

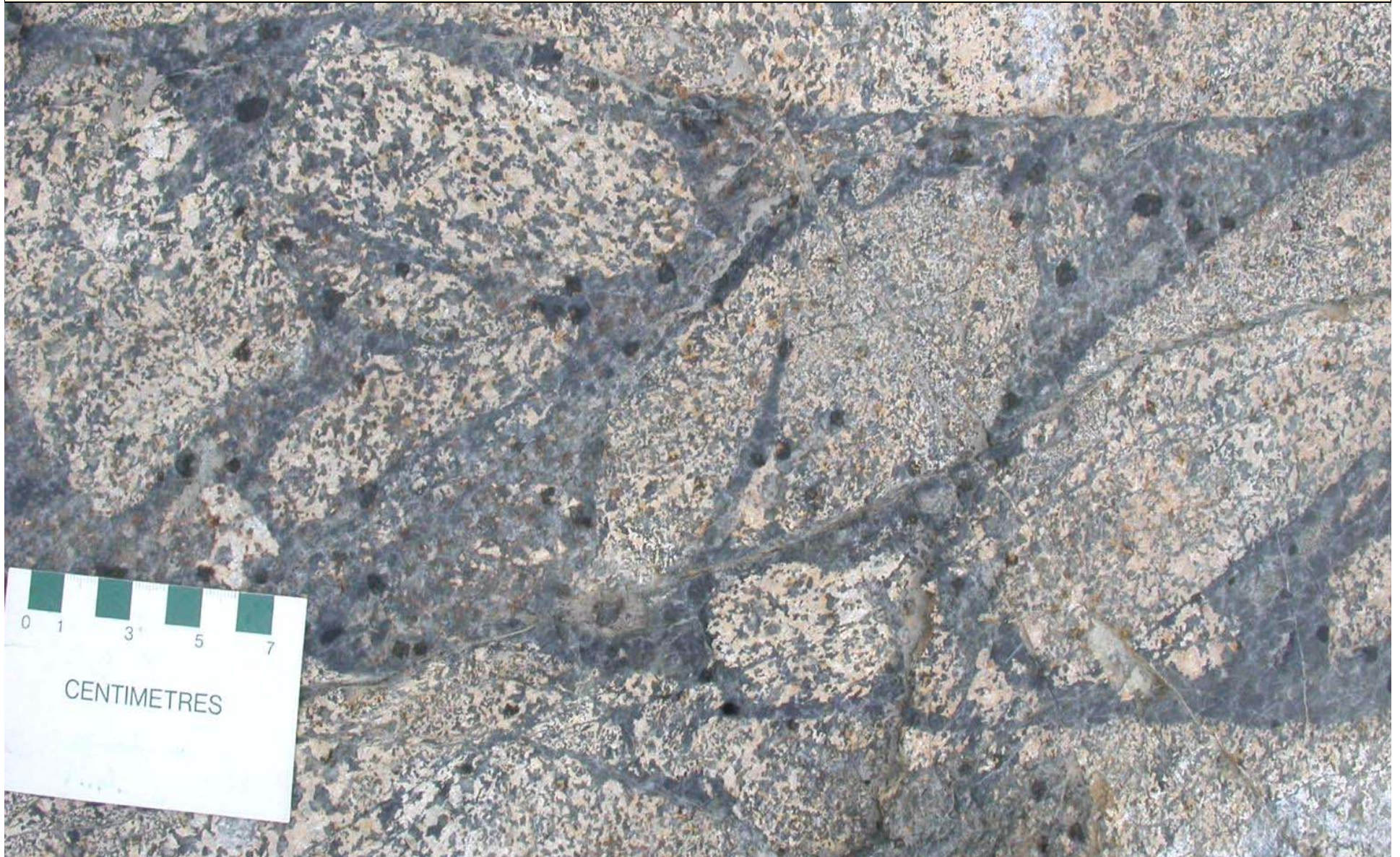
Keiko Hattori and Eion Cameron

Lac des Iles Palladium Mine





Lac des Iles Mine: Sulphide-Poor Palladium Ore in Archean Brecciated Gabbro



Palladium-Bearing Minerals

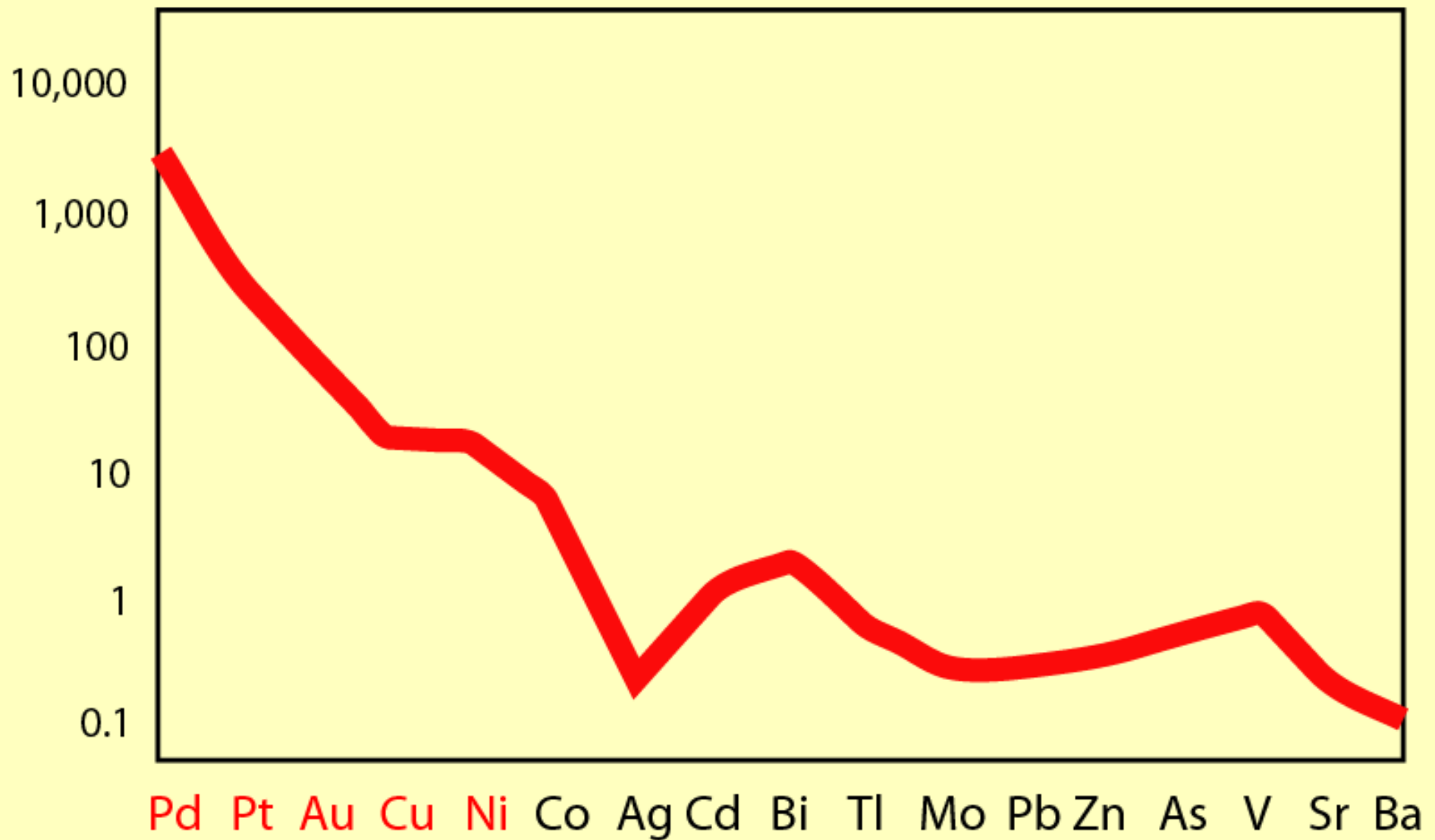
Kotulskite	Pd (Te, Bi)
Braggite	PdS
Merenskyite	Pd (Te, Se, Bi) ₂
Sperrylite	PtAs
Moncheite	Pd (Te, Bi) ₂
Palladoarsenide	Pd ₂ As

Sulphides <5%

Question

Are Palladium and Other Indicator Elements
Mobile in the Absence of Sulphide Weathering ?

Identification of Indicator Elements: Palladium Ore Normalized to Upper Crust



Possible Pathfinder Elements

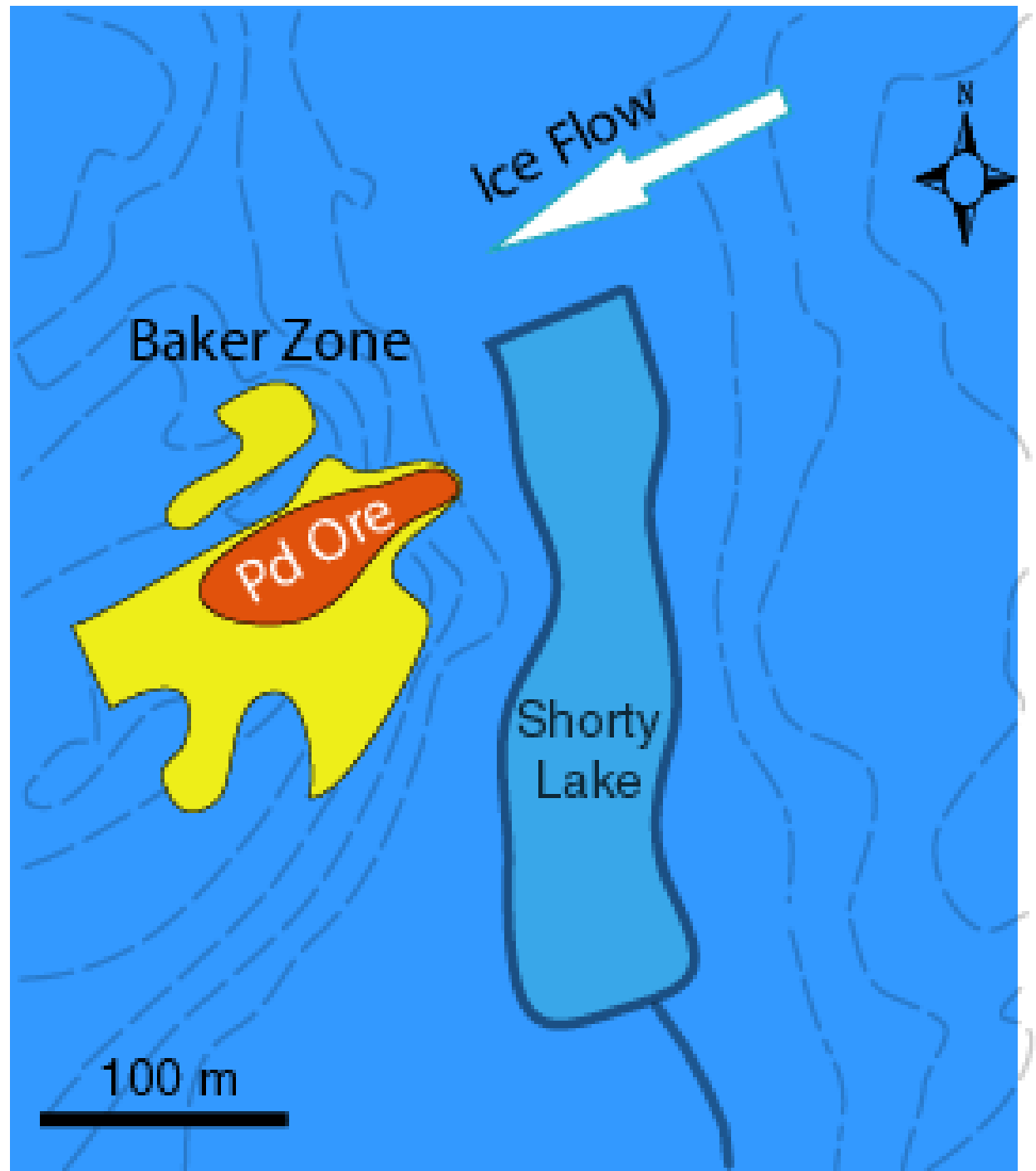
Pd: Yes if Mobile

Pt: Yes if Mobile

Au: No Unrelated Gold Veins in Area

Cu, Ni: No Unrelated Base Metal Sulphides

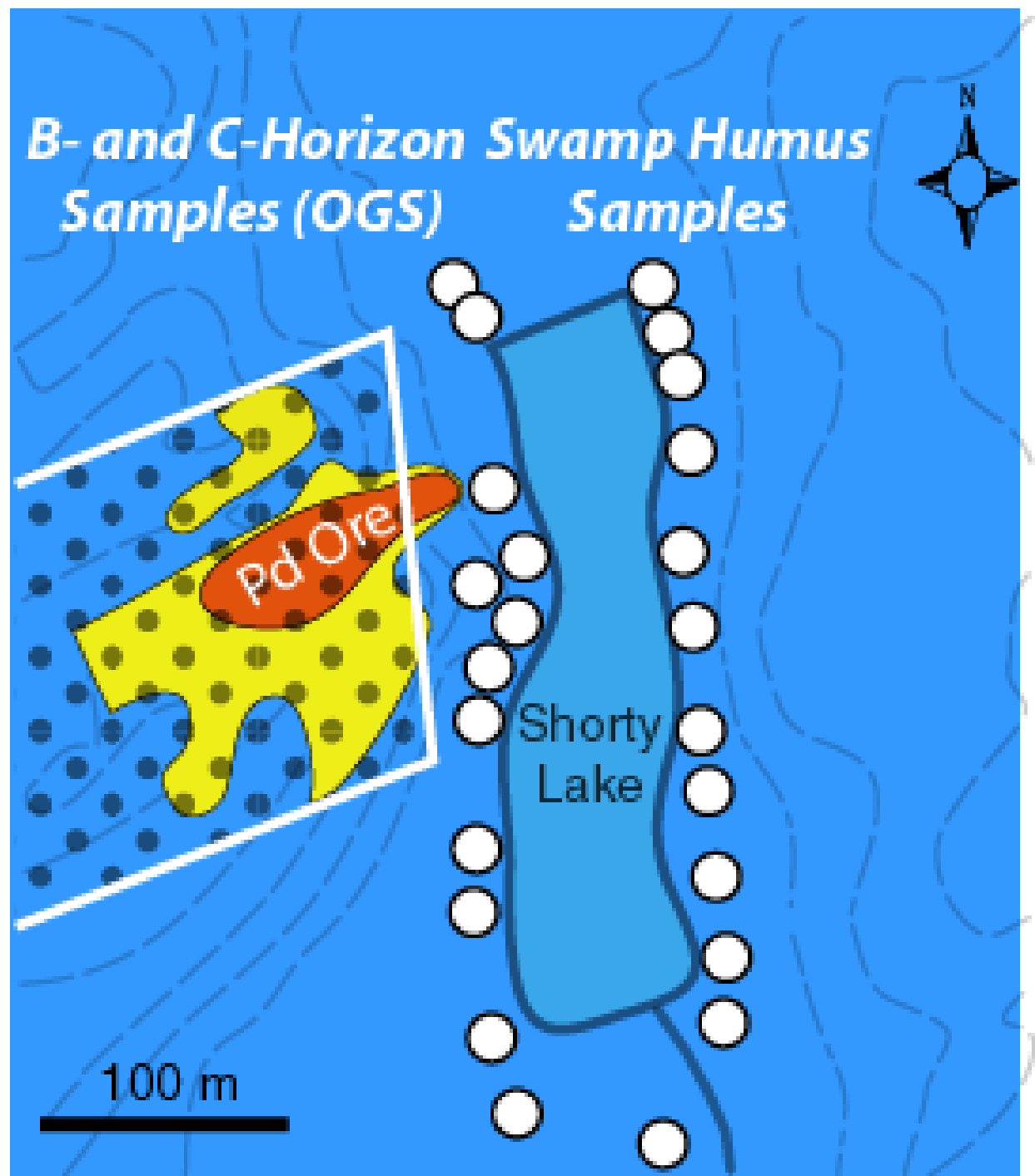
Test Site: Baker Zone Prospect



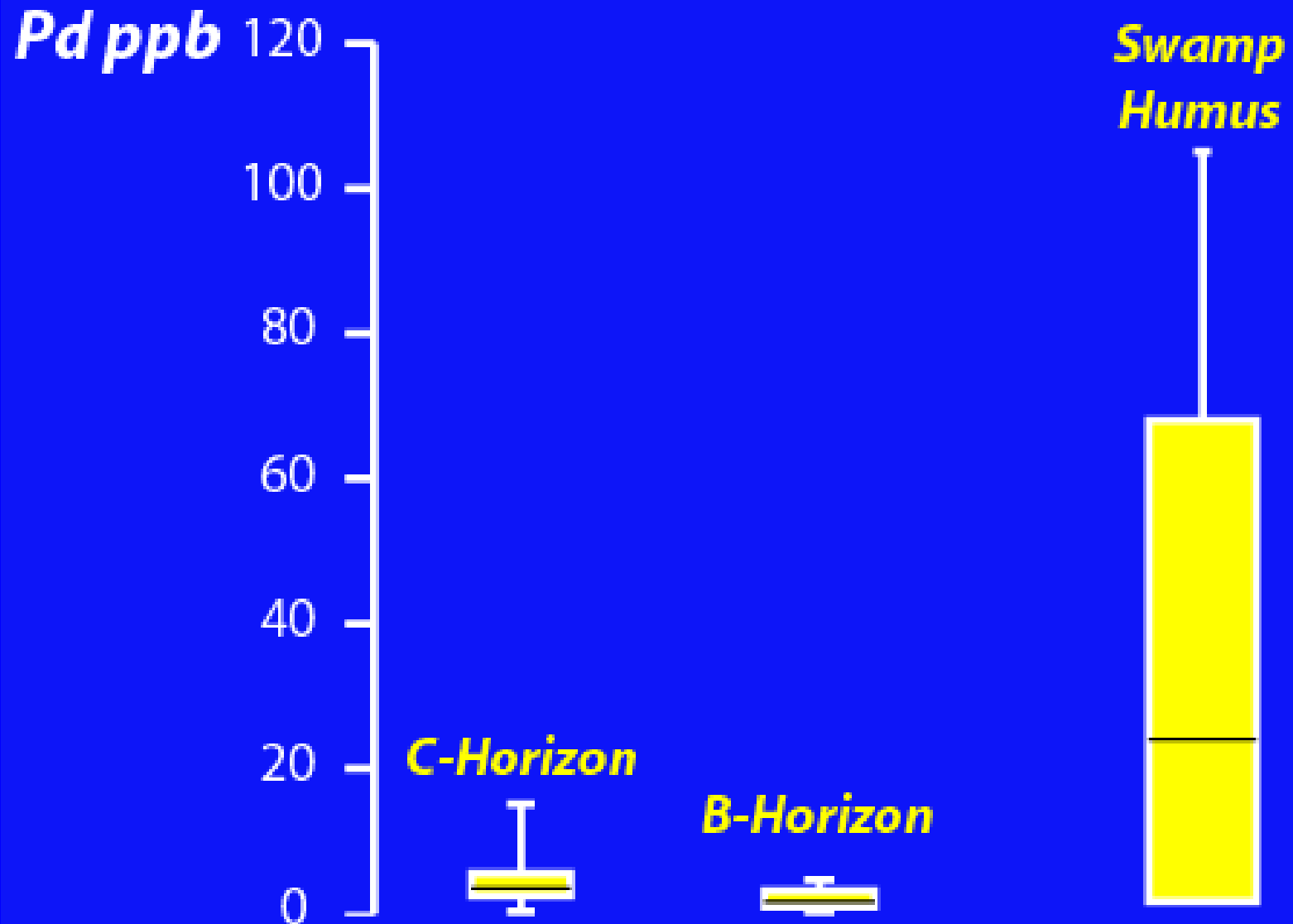
Shorty Lake



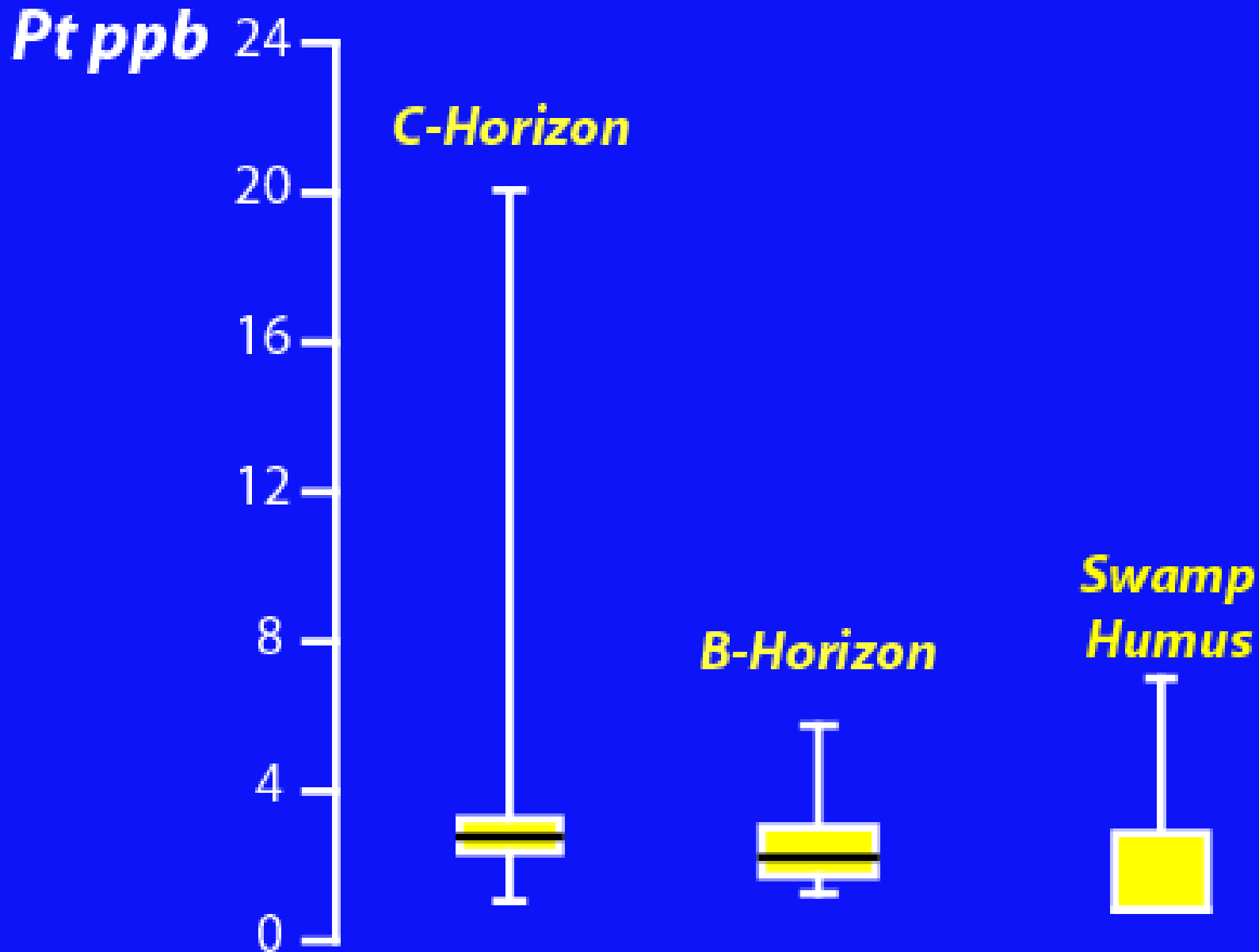
Sampling: Shorty Lake— Baker Zone



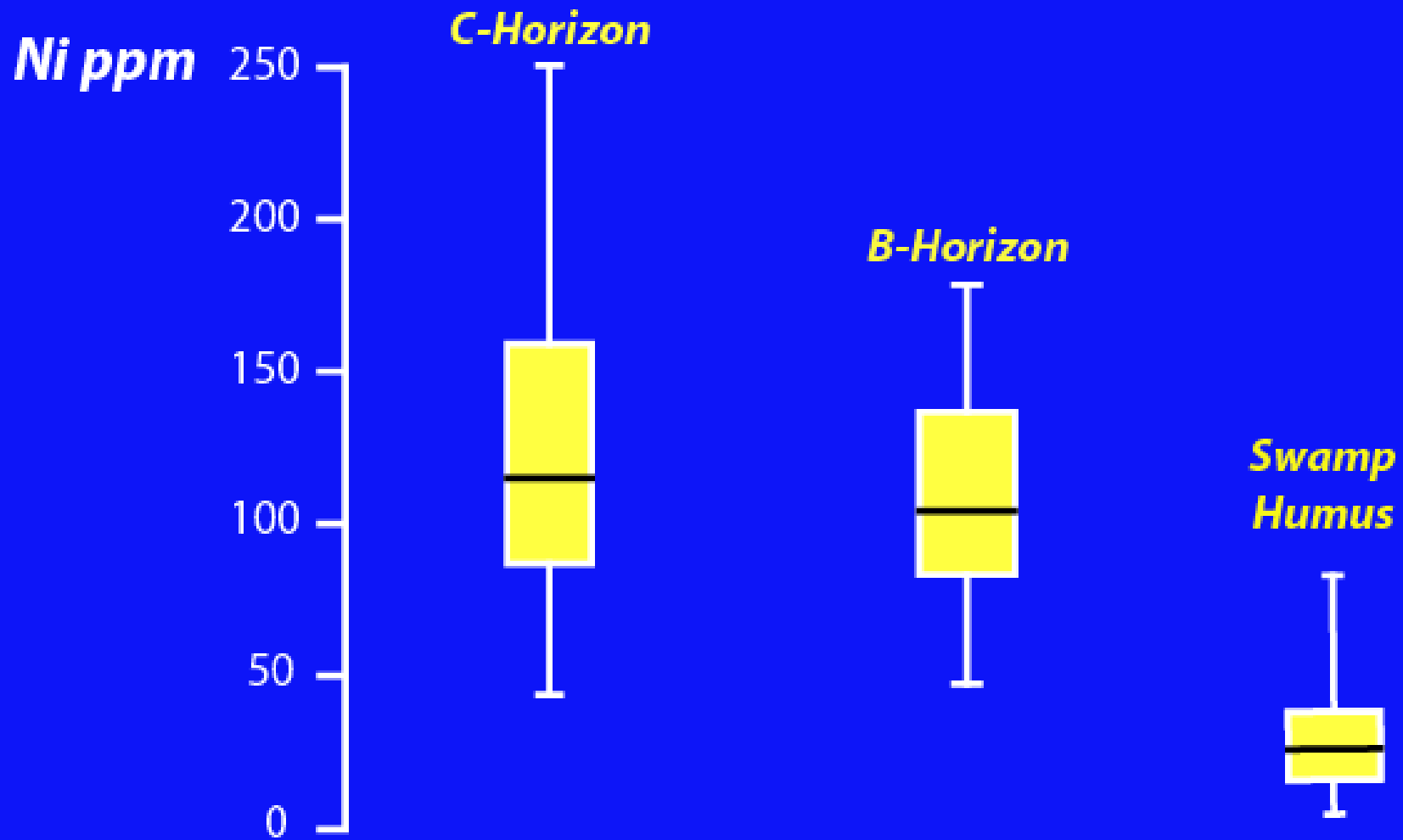
Palladium in Soils



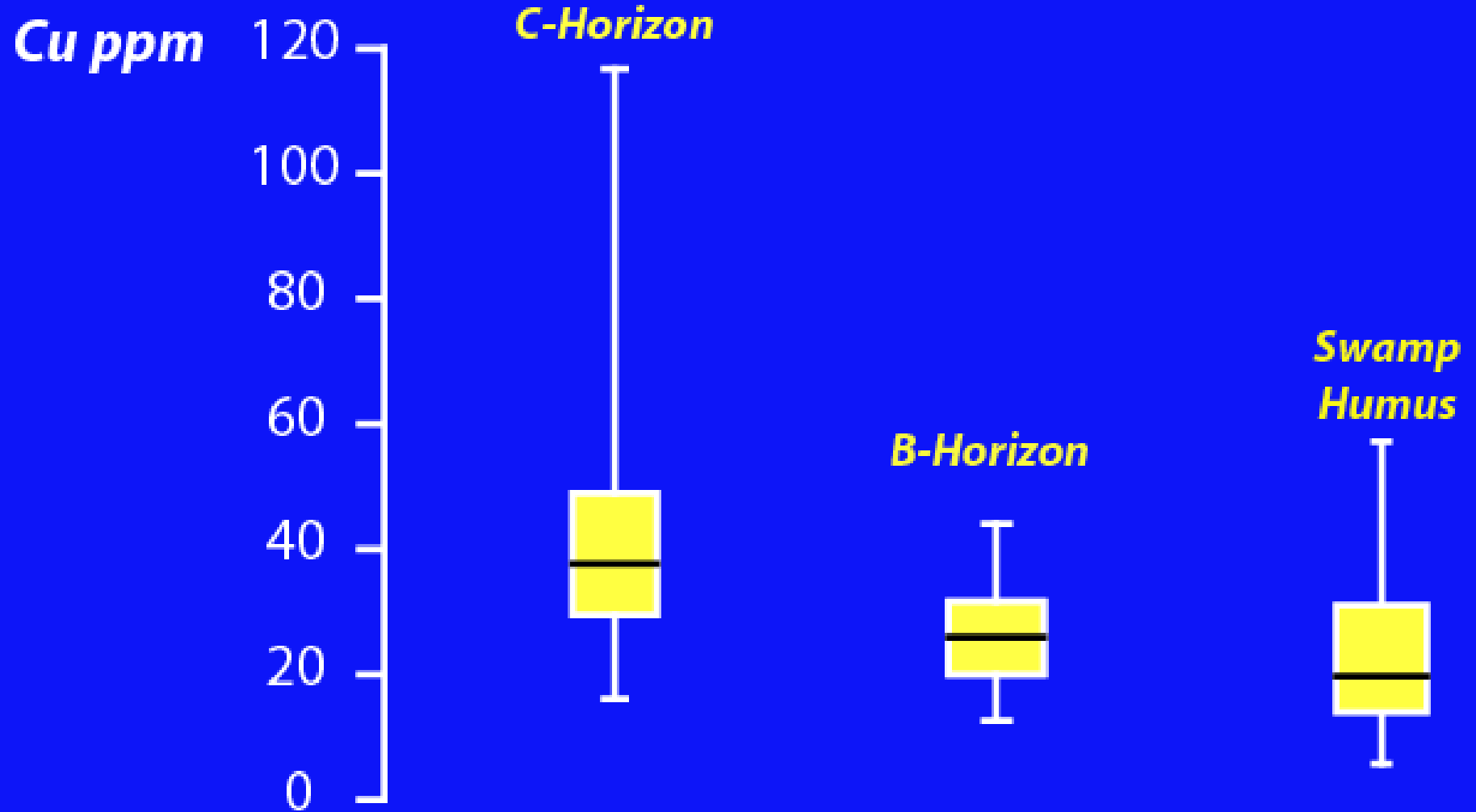
Platinum in Soils



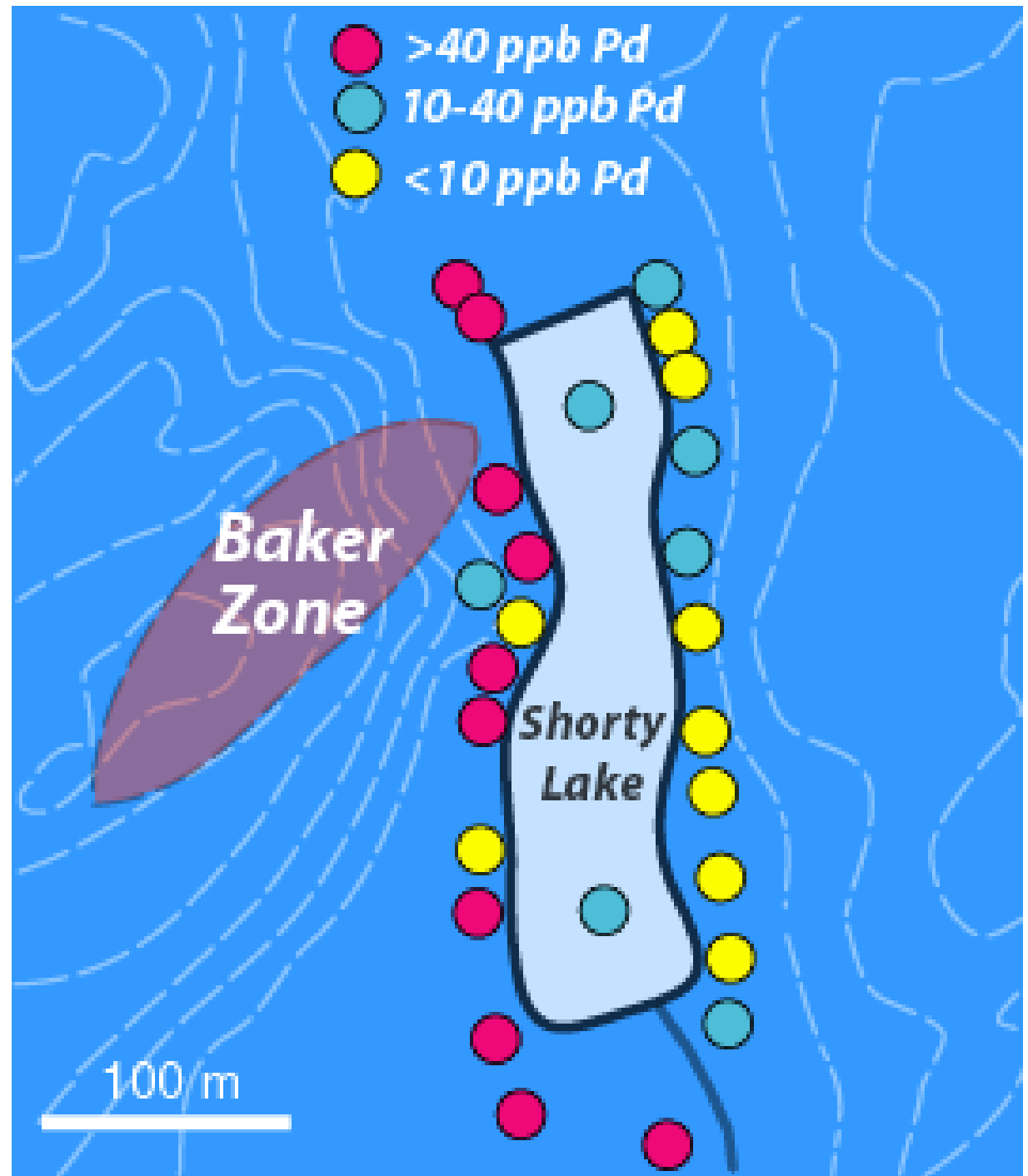
Nickel in Soils



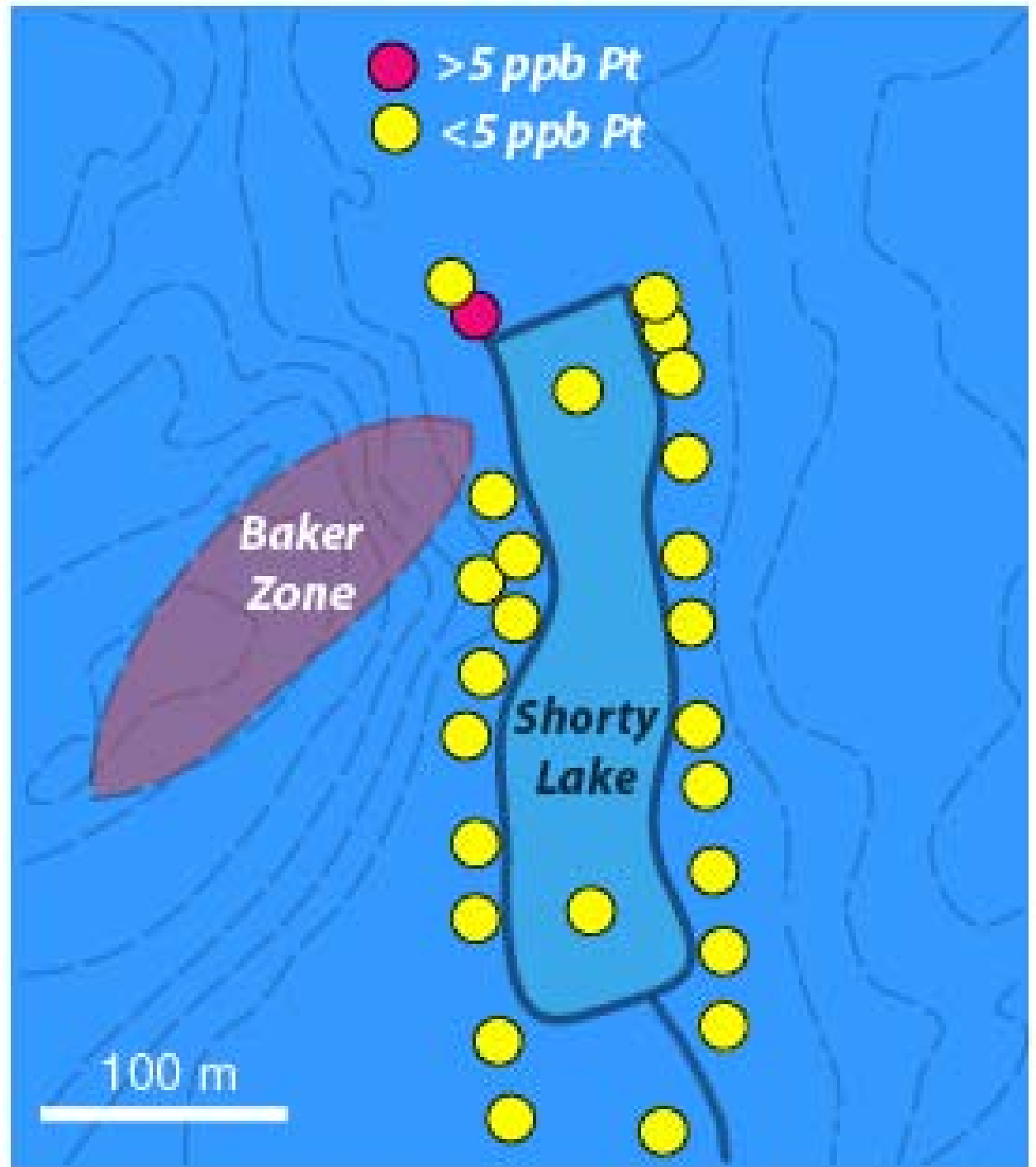
Copper in Soils



Palladium in Swamp Humus



Platinum in Swamp Humus



Interpretation

Palladium is Readily Transported in Solution to Swamps, where it is Fixed with Organic Matter

Palladium is Depleted in B-Horizon Soils

Predominant Pd species in Neutral pH Waters:



not Adsorbed by Negatively-Charged Fe Oxides

Good:

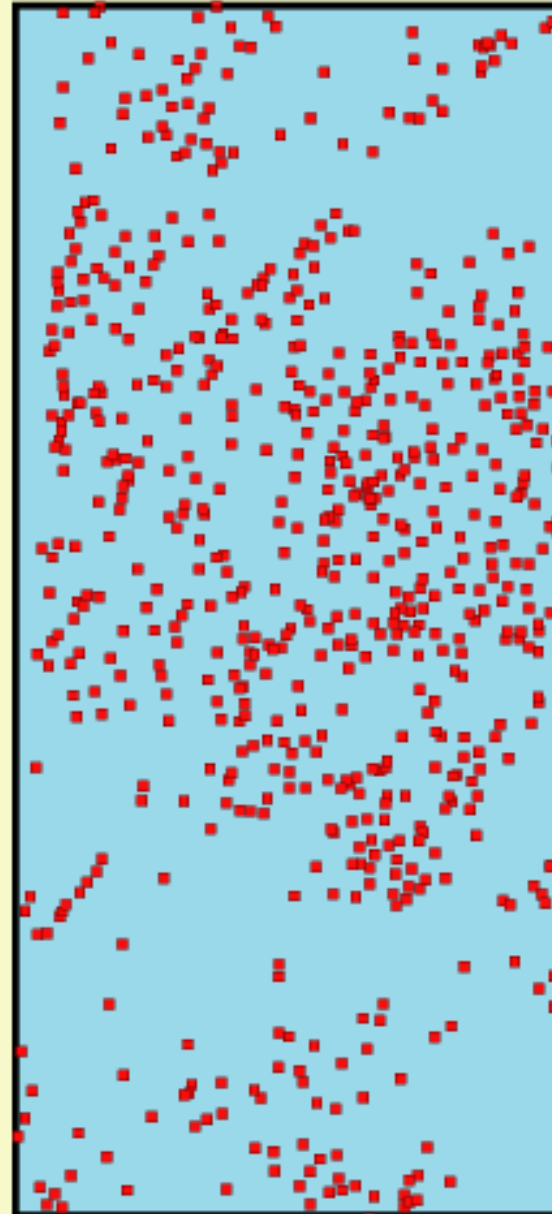
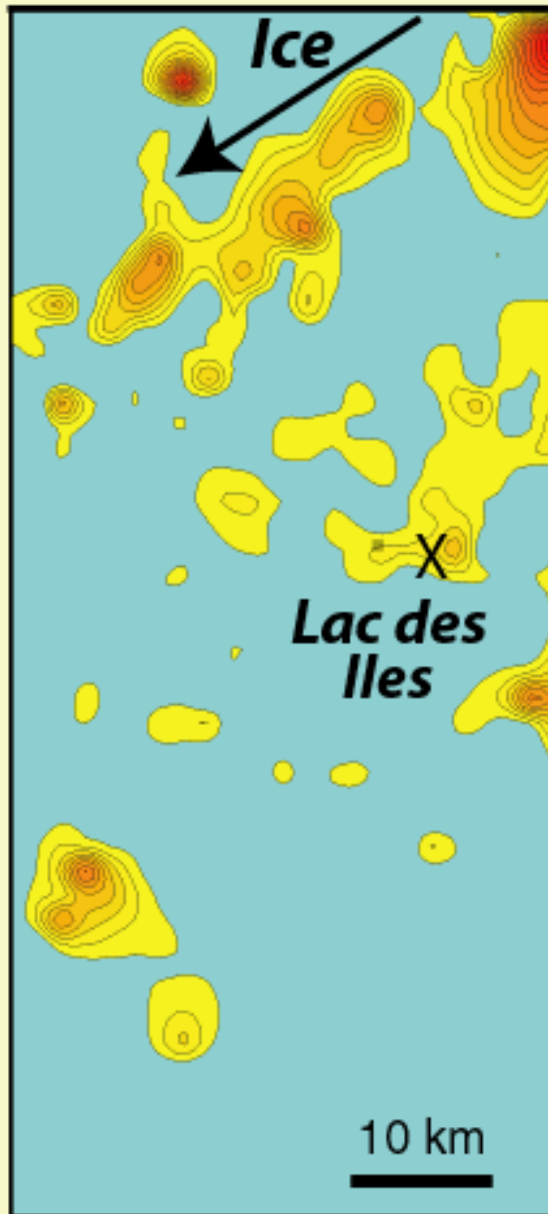
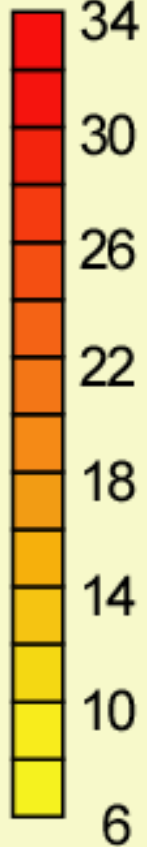
High Mobility of Palladium in Surface Environment is Useful for Exploration

Possible Problem:

High Mobility May Cause False Anomalies

Regional Lake Sediment Surveys (OGS)

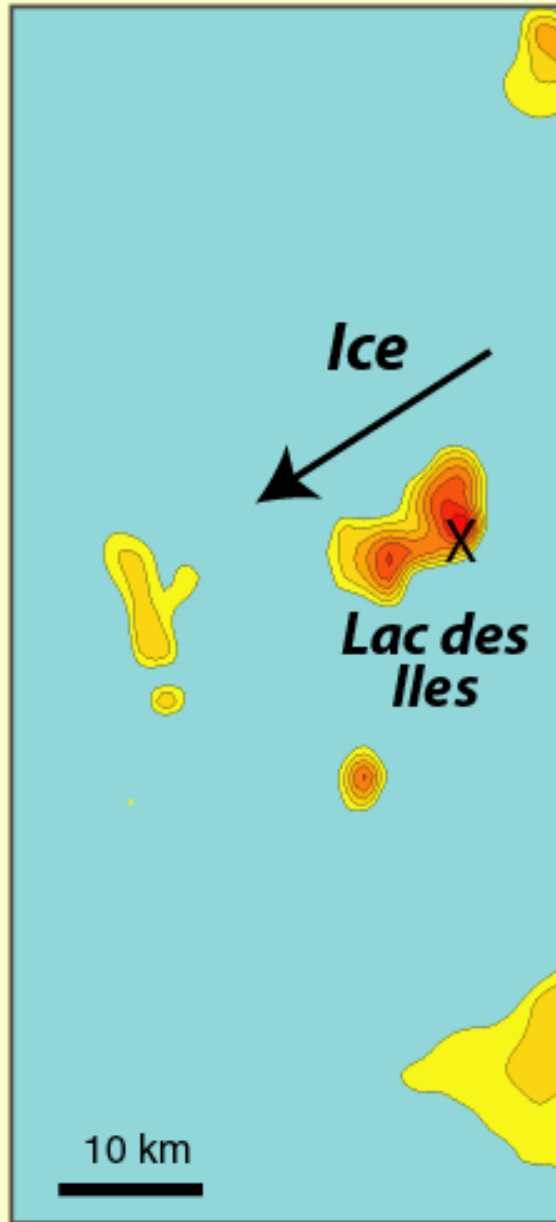
Pd ppb



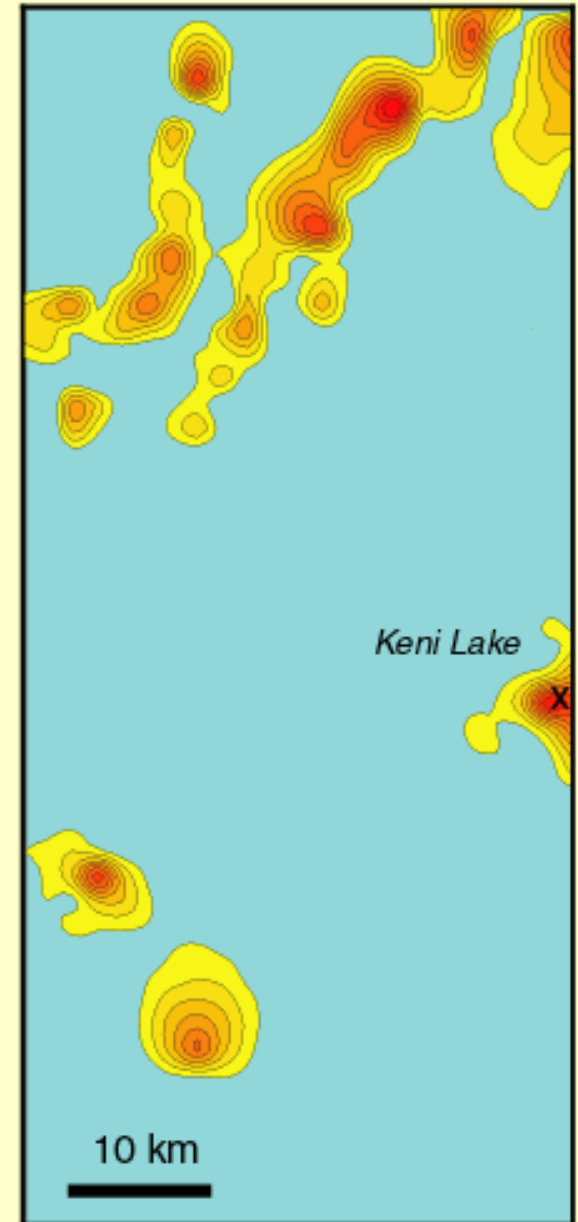
2800 km²
675
samples

Factor
Analysis of
Lake Sediment
Data: Plots of
Factor Scores

Factor 1:
Pd, Pt, Cr, Ni, Co

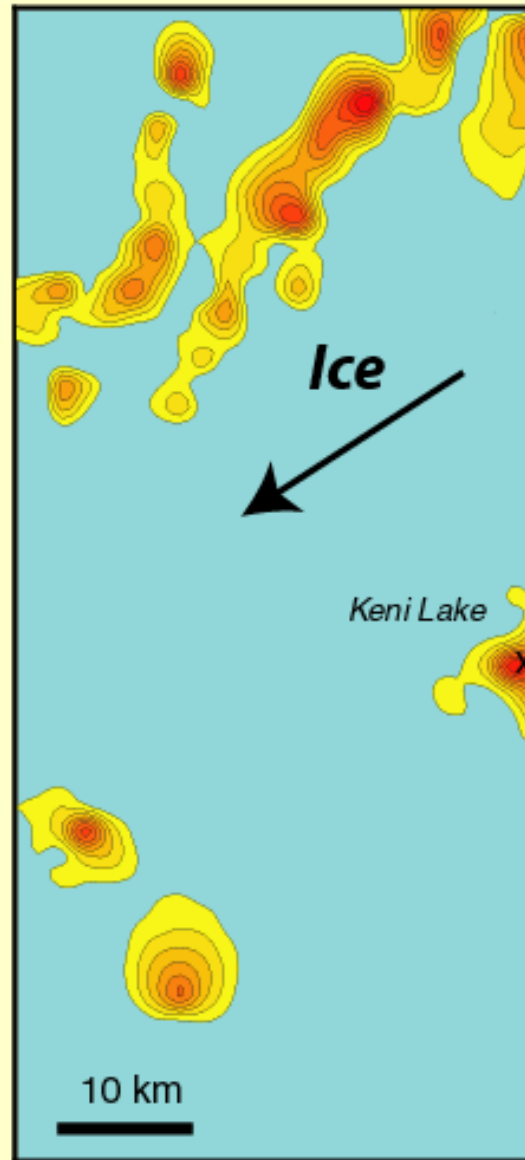


Factor 2:
Pd, S, As



Factor 2
Correlates
with
Quaternary
Glaciofluvial
Deposits,
e.g., Eskers

**Factor 2:
Pd, S, As**



**Quaternary
Glaciofluvial Deposits**



Keni Lake: Highest Factor 2 Score and 29 ppb Pd in Sediment



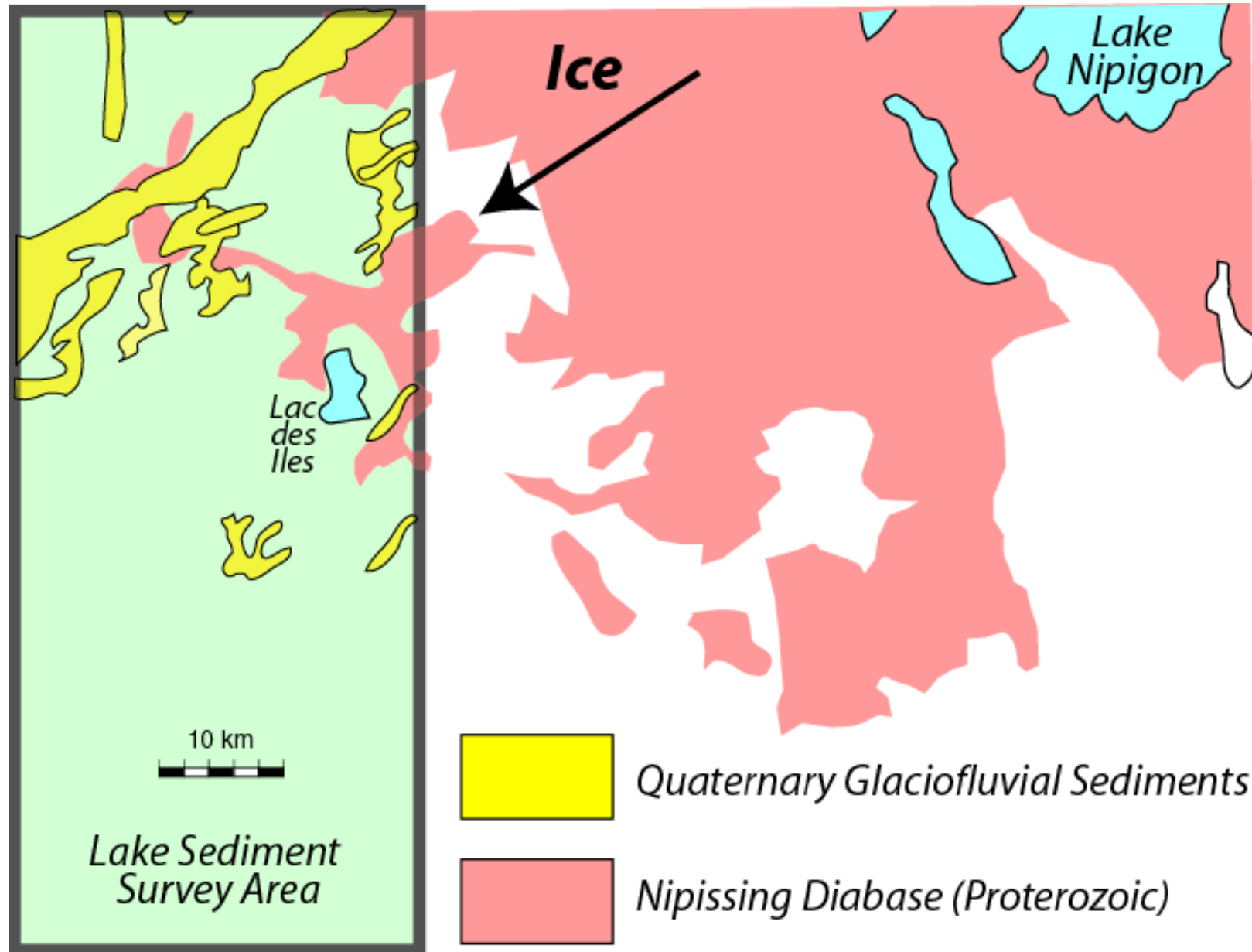
Springs Into Keni Lake from Base of Esker



Esker with Boulder of Decomposed Nipissing Diabase



Outcrop Area of Nipissing Diabase



Analyses of Fresh Nipissing Diabase Boulders from Esker

	Pd ppb	Pt ppb
Nipissing Diabase Boulder	15	12
Nipissing Diabase Boulder	20	11
MORB	0.5	7
Mantle Peridotite	4	7

Nature of Pd Associated with Lake Sediment Factor 2

Derived from Leaching of Decomposing
Nipissing Diabase Boulders in Permeable Eskers

Conclusions

High Mobility of Palladium Derives from its
Dissolution as Neutral and Anionic Species,
which are not Readily Adsorbed by Fe Oxides

but

Palladium is Fixed by Organic Material in
Swamps and Lake Sediments

Acknowledgements

We thank the Ontario Mineral Exploration Technology program, North American Palladium Ltd, and Avalon Ventures Ltd for generous support.

Special thanks to Moe Lavigne, Neil Pettigrew and Richard Dyer